➡ AO 399 (Rev. 10/95)

WAIVER OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS

TO: Gary M. Fo	(NAME OF PLAINTIFF'S ATTORNEY	OR UNREPRESENTED PLAINTIFF)
John E. Friberg,		
I Genesis Consolida	ated Services, Inc.	, acknowledge receipt of your request
-,	(DEFENDANT NAME)	
that I waive service of summons	in the action of Norton v.	Fleetway Heavy Duty Parts, Inc., et al. (CAPTION OF ACTION)
which is case number05	-11297-MEL	in the United States District Court
VIII 10 0000 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	(DOCKET NUMBER)	
for the	District of	District of Massachusetts .
return the signed waiver to you	without cost to me.	wo copies of this instrument, and a means by which I can
I agree to save the cost of ser that I (or the entity on whose be	vice of a summons and an additionalf I am acting) be served with	ional copy of the complaint in this lawsuit by not requiring a judicial process in the manner provided by Rule 4.
I (or the entity on whose befor venue of the court except for	nalf I am acting) will retain all d objections based on a defect in t	defenses or objections to the lawsuit or to the jurisdiction the summons or in the service of the summons.
I understand that a judgmer	nt may be entered against me (or	or the party on whose behalf I am acting) if an
answer or motion under Rule 12	is not served upon you within (60 days after August 2, 2005 (DATE REQUEST WAS SENT)
or within 90 days after that date	if the request was sent outside t	the United States.
August 23, 2005	- Acr:	(MONATURE)
	Printed/Type Name:	John E. Friberg, Jr.
	As Attorney for	

Duty to Avoid Unnecessary Costs of Service of Summons

Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure requires certain parties to cooperate in saving unnecessary costs of service of the summons and complaint. A defendant located in the United States who, after being notified of an action and asked by a plaintiff located in the United States to waive service of summons, fails to do so will be required to bear the cost of such service unless good cause be shown for its failure to sign and return the waiver.

It is not good cause for a failure to waive service that a party believes that the complaint is unfounded, or that the action has been brought in an improper place or in a court that lacks jurisdiction over the subject matter of the action or over its person or property. A party who waives service of the summons retains all defenses and objections (except any relating to the summons or to the service of the summons), and may later object to the jurisdiction of the court or to the place where the action has been brought.

A defendant who waives service must within the time specified on the waiver form serve on the plaintiff's attorney (or unrepresented plaintiff) a response to the complaint and must also file a signed copy of the response with the court. If the answer or motion is not served within this time, a default judgment may be taken against that defendant. By waiving service, a defendant is allowed more time to answer than if the summons had been actually served when the request for waiver of service was received.

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